



B.K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION

SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS
A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL



PERIODIC TEST – 2, 2025-26

Social Science

Class: V

Date: 7.11.2025

Admission no:

Time: 1Hr.

Max Marks: 25

Roll No:

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C & D) with 12 questions in total.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Question numbers 1-5 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each.
4. Question numbers 6 to 8 are of 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words each.
5. Question numbers 9 and 10 are of 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.
6. Question number 10 and 11 is a long answer question of 4 marks.

SECTION-A

Choose the correct option:

1. Which Fundamental Right says that everyone should be treated the same, no matter who they are? 1
a. Right to Freedom b. Right to Equality
c. Right to Education d. Right against Exploitation
2. Which British law did Gandhi oppose by leading the Dandi March? 1
a. A law banning education for Indians b. A law restricting Indian religious festivals
c. A law stopping Indians from making clothes d. A law taxing salt production by Indians
3. Which value of our Constitution ensures equal access to resources like schools and water? 1
a. Socialism b. Secularism c. Sovereignty d. Democracy
4. Which of the following is a Fundamental Duty of Indian citizens? 1
a. To watch television everyday b. To respect the national symbols
c. To eat healthy food d. To play sports
5. When did we start following the Constitution of India? 1
a. 26 January 1949 b. 26 November 1949
c. 26 January 1950 d. 26 November 1950

SECTION-B

6. What is the Constitution of India? Who was the chairman of the Drafting Committee? 2
7. What are Fundamental Duties? List any two Fundamental Duties. 2

8. All the students in a village attend a free government school. During a school assembly, students express their opinions and suggestions about the school. Which Fundamental Rights are they exercising? 2

SECTION-C

9. Explain the events that led to the partition of India. Mention any three points. 3

10. Riya noticed that some children in her neighborhood were not allowed to go to school. She wanted to help them.

Which Fundamental Right of the Indian Constitution supports Riya's action? Name any two other Fundamental Rights that protect citizens' freedoms. 3

SECTION-D

11. Case Study

Riya saw a very big book in her school library. Her teacher told her that this book is called the Constitution of India. It has all the rules and laws that help our country run smoothly. Riya also read the Preamble, which says that India is a sovereign, socialist, secular, and democratic republic.

Questions:

1. Why is the Constitution called the "big book" of our country? 2

2. Name two values mentioned in the Preamble that make India a democratic country. 2

12. During the Indian National Congress meetings in the late 19th and early 20th century, some leaders believed in petitioning the British government politely and waiting for reforms, while others wanted immediate action, protests, and boycotts to demand rights.

Questions:

1. Some leaders wanted to petition the British government politely. Which group do they belong to? 2

2. Compare the approaches of the Moderates and Radicals in two points. 2

*****ALL THE BEST*****